

કુલ પ્રશ્નો:300	પ્રાથમિક કસોટીનો અભ્યાસક્રમ	કુલ ગુણ -300
	Part-I	
માધ્યમ: ગુજરાતી	સામાન્ય અભ્યાસ	ગુણ -૧૦૦
૧	ભારતની ભૂગોળ- ભૌગોલિક, આર્થિક, સામાજિક, કુદરતી સંસાધન અને વસ્તી અંગેની બાબતો- ગુજરાતના ખાસ સંદર્ભ સાથે	
૨	ભારતનો સાંસ્કૃતિક વારસો- સાહિત્ય, કલા, ધર્મ અને સ્થાપત્યો- ગુજરાતના ખાસ સંદર્ભ સાથે	
૩	ભારતનો ઇતિહાસ - ગુજરાતના ખાસ સંદર્ભ સાથે	
૪	ભારતની અર્થવ્યવસ્થા અને આયોજન	
૫	ભારતીય રાજનીતિ અને ભારતનું બંધારણ: (૧) આમુખ (૨) મૂળભૂત અધિકારો અને ફરજો (૩) રાજ્યનીતિના માર્ગદર્શક સિદ્ધાંતો (૪) સંસદની રચના (૫) રાષ્ટ્રપતિની સત્તા (૬) રાજ્યપાલની સત્તા (૭) ન્યાયતંત્ર (૮) અનુસૂચિત જાતિ, અનુસૂચિત જનજાતિ અને સમાજના પછાત વર્ગો માટેની જોગવાઈઓ (૯) એટર્ની જનરલ (૧૦) નીતિ આયોગ (૧૧) પંચાયતી રાજ (૧૨) નાણા પંચ (૧૩) બંધારણીય તથા વૈધનિક સંસ્થાઓ- ભારતનું ચૂંટણી પંચ, સંઘ લોક સેવા આયોગ, રાજ્ય લોક સેવા આયોગ, કોમ્પ્રોલર એન્ડ ઓડિટર જનરલ; કેન્દ્રીય સતર્કતા આયોગ, લોકપાલ તથા લોકાયુક્ત અને કેન્દ્રીય માહિતી આયોગ	
૬	સામાન્ય બૌદ્ધિક ક્ષમતા કસોટી	
૭	સામાન્ય વિજ્ઞાન, પર્યાવરણ અને ઈન્ફર્મેશન એન્ડ કોમ્યુનિકેશન ટેકનોલોજી	
૮	ખેલ જગત સહિત રોજબરોજના પ્રાદેશિક, રાષ્ટ્રીય અને આંતરરાષ્ટ્રીય મહત્વના બનાવો	

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<b>Post: Professor (Homoeopathic Organon of Medicine) , Class –I</b> <b>(Advt.No.48/18-19)</b>	
Total Questions:300    Syllabus of Preliminary Test    Total Marks-300	
<b>Part-I</b>	
Medium: Gujarati                      General Study                      Marks- 100	
1	Geography of India- Physical, Economic, Social, Natural Resources and population related topics- with special reference to Gujarat
2	Cultural heritage of India- Literature, Art, Religion and Architecture- with special reference to Gujarat
3	History of India with special reference to Gujarat
4	Indian Economy and Planning
5	<u>Indian Polity and the Constitution of India:</u> (1) Preamble (2) Fundamental Rights and Fundamental Duties (3) Directive Principles of State Policy (4) Composition of Parliament (5) Powers of the President of India (6) Powers of Governor (7) Judiciary (8) Provisions for Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and backward classes of the society (9) Attorney General (10) NITI Aayog (11) Panchayati Raj Institutions (12) Finance Commission (13) Constitutional and Statutory Bodies: Election Commission of India, Union Public Service Commission, State Public Service Commission, Comptroller and Auditor General; Central Vigilance Commission, Lokpal and Lokayukta, Central Information Commission
6	General Mental Ability
7	General Science, Environment and Information & Communication Technology
8	Daily events of Regional, National and International Importance including Sports

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**Part-II Syllabus of Concerned Subject**  
**(Homoeopathy) (Organon of Medicine)**

**Medium: English**

**Questions: 200**

**Marks: 200**

**1. Organon of Medicine with Homoeopathic Philosophy**

Concepts principles and practice of Homeopathy, Homoeopathic philosophy. **Symptomatology:** Details of relevant aphorisms of organon of medicine and chapters of the books on homoeopathic philosophy.

**Causations:** Thorough comprehension of the evolution of disease, taking into account pre-disposing, fundamental, exciting and maintaining causes.

**Case taking:** Hahnemann's concept and method of case taking, as stated in his Organon of Medicine. case taking, difficulties of case taking, particularly in a chronic case, types of symptoms, their understanding and importance, importance of pathology in disease diagnosis and individualisation in relation to study of repertory.

**Case processing:** Analysis of Symptoms, Evaluation of Symptoms, Miasmatic diagnosis, Totality of symptoms. totality of symptoms or conceptual image of the patient, reportorial totality, selection of rubrics, reportorial technique and results, reportorial analysis.

Interpretations & views of stalwarts in Homeopathy like kent, H.A.Robert, saturate close, Dunham, Richard Hughes, and J.H. Allen on Hahnmannian concepts and fundamentals.

A comparative study of various philosophies of Homeopathy. Critical study of different editions of organs of medicine, emergence of homeopathy and its establishment in the field of medicine.

Practice of Homeopathy in medicine, Surgery, Obstetrics and Gynecology.

## 2. **Anatomy**

General Anatomy: Modern concepts of cell and its components, cell division, types with their significance, Tissues, Genetics. Development Anatomy. Regional anatomy.

## 3. **Physiology**

General physiology: Introduction of cellular physiology, cell junction, transport through cell membrane and resting membrane potential, body fluids compartments, homeostatic. Body Fluids. Cardio-vascular system. Respiratory system and environmental physiology. Digestive system. Renal physiology and skin. Endocrinology. Reproductive system. Central nervous system. Special senses. Nerve muscle physiology.

**Bio-physical sciences:** Filtration, Ultra filtration, Osmosis, Diffusion, Adsorption, Hydrotropy, Colloid, Donnan Equilibrium, Tracer elements, Dialysis, Absorption, Assimilation, Surface tension.

## 4. **Biochemistry**

Carbohydrates: (Chemistry, Metabolism, Glycolysis, TCA, **HMP**, Glycogen synthesis and degradation, Blood glucose regulation), Lipids: (Chemistry, Metabolism, Intestinal uptake, Fat transport, Utilisation of stored fat, Activation of fatty acids, Beta oxidation and synthesis of fatty acids), Proteins: (Chemistry, Metabolism, Digestion of protein, Transamination, Deamination, Fate of Ammonia, Urea cycle, End products of each amino acid and their entry into TCA cycle, Enzymes: (Definition, Classification, Biological Importance,

Diagnostic use, Inhibition), Vitamins: (Daily requirements, Dietary source, Disorders and physiological role), Minerals (Daily requirement, Dietary Sources, Disorders and physiological role), Organ function tests.

**5. Psychology**

Basics of Psychology, Study of behavior and intelligence, Basic concepts of Sensations, Emotion, Motivation, Personality, Anxiety, Conflict, Frustration, Depression, Fear, Psychosomatic Manifestations.

**6. Research methodology**

Research Biomedicine, Need of Research and Research Challenges in Homoeopathy, Types of Research Studies. Planning of Research Studies, Design and control of clinical trials, Data collection and Data management, Assessing and reporting adverse events, Ethical issues in biomedical research, Writing & Publishing research studies.

**7. Biostatistics**

Definition and scope of Biostatistics in clinical research, Types of data methods of data presentation, Descriptive statistics (Mean, Median, Mode, SD and Variance etc.), Correlation and regression, sampling techniques and sample size estimation, Measure of Mortality, Data analysis, Use of statistical software, Organon of Medicine and Homoeopathic philosophy, Homoeopathic materia medica, and Repetory.

**8. Legislations relating to medical profession**

The Homoeopathy Central Council Act, 1973 (59 of 1973). The Medical Termination of Pregnancy Act, 1971 (34 of 1971); the Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940 (23 of 1940) and the rules made

therein; Pre-natal Diagnostic Techniques (Regulation and Prevention of Misuse) Act, 1994. Homoeopathic Practitioners (Professional Conduct, Etiquette and Code of Ethics) Regulations, 1982.

**9. Current Trends and recent Advancements in the field of Homeopathy.**